THE BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

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HUNS ATTACK WITH 850,000 MEN

ENEMY UNABLE TO STOP YANKS

Franco-American Artillery Breaks Up Terrific Counterblow Launched by Germans.

SHOCK TROOPS USED

Flung Into Line Against Americans as Foe Makes Determined Resistance in Neighborhood of Fere-en-Tardenois.

London, July 30.—Notwithstanding the Germans have powerfully strengthened their battle line running across the Soissons-Rheims salient with fresh reserves and have stubbornly disputed further passage northward to the Allied troops, the enemy front has been compelled to bend back appreciably on all sides of the salient, except at the anchor points resting immediately on Soissons and Rheims.

South on Soissons further wedges have been driven eastward into the enemy front down to the Ourcq river; eastward along the Ourcq, French and American troops have crossed the stream at various points and advanced their line well to the northward, while southwest of Rheims the Allies have debouched from the wooded sectors and gained the plains.

With the American Army on the Aisne-Marne Front, July 30.—The Germans, reinforced by two crack divisions of Barvarian guards, have settled down to the hardest resistance they have yet displayed against the American forces north of the river Ourcq.

Although heavily hammered, the Americans replied in like along the river, and the fighting shifted back and forth through Sergy, three miles southeast of Fere en Tardenois. Up to midday the Germans had been unable to force a recrossing of the Ourcq.

Retreat Is General.

London, July 30.—North of the Marne the tide of German invasion is fast ebbing. The fact that a general retreat in this region is going on is not questioned, and the only question of moment to be cleared up is the location of the position at which the enemy will turn at bay. Since Saturday there have been important changes in the battleline between Soissons and Rheims. Today it runs almost directly east from Oulchy le Chateau to Fere en Tardenois, then across the Ourcq and continues eastward until it reaches the Dormans-Rheims road northwest of Rheims mountain.

Burning Villages in Retreat.

It had been contended by military experts that the Germans might elect to stand on the line of the Ourcq river from which their heavy cannon might dominate the Paris-Chalons railway along the Marne. This idea is now proved erroneous. It appears that there is no defensive position south of the Vesle river to which the Germans can retire and organize their resistance to allied pressure.

The only other defensive position seemingly possible is the one that follows the Aisne and Vesle from Soissons to Fismes, and from that point follows the course of the Arvre river toward Rheims. Burning villages along the Aisne and Vesle from Soissons to Bazoches are reported and tend to confirm the impression that the Germans do not contemplate organized resistance south of that line.

Succeeds in Eluding Trap.

There is every indication that the German high command has succeeded in extricating its forces from the trap sprung by General Foch. The resistance of the Germans for a week after the beginning of the Allied counter-offensive probably gave them time to withdraw their heavier guns and a large portion of their supplies from the salient. This resistance was strong along the line south of Soissons as far as Oulchy-le-Ville and west and southwest of Rheims, which were the vital sectors of the battle line.

The advance of the Allies east of Oulchy le Chateau must soon compel the enemy to evacuate the line from the Ourcq river toward Soissons for a considerable distance. Nearer Rheims, however, the Germans seem to hold positions that will prove a pivot for their retreat toward the Vesle river.

RULER LEAVES SOFIA

King Ferdinand of Bulgaria May Have Quit Throne.

Monarch Is Reported to Have Gone On An "Extended Trip" to Foreign Lands.

Washington, July 30.—According to French dispatches, quoting reports from Basle, King Ferdinand has left Bulgaria for an "extended trip" to foreign lands, presumably on account of his health.

Premier Malinoff, who reorganized the ministry after the fall of Premier Radaslovoff, will replace the king during his absence, the cables added.

Ferdinand's sudden departure from Sofia, while the Turko-Bulgar dispute is critical, is regarded as significant in diplomatic circles here. While nothing has been said, it has been generally known that the Bulgarian throne is on an unstable foundation.

SERGT. MAJ. J. H. QUICK

Has Been Cited for Bravery by General Pershing.

Sergt. Major John Henry Quick of the United States marines has been cited for bravery by General Pershing. On June 6 he volunteered to take a truck-load of ammunition into Bouresche over a road swept by gun fire, and thus relieved a critical situation. In 1898 Quick was awarded the Congressional Medal of Honor for bravery at Cuzco, Cuba.

COMMONS TURNS DOWN PROPOSAL

Rejects John Dillon's Motion to Refer Irish Question to President Wilson.

VOTE IS 245 TO 106

House Receives Suggestion in Favorable Mood, but Mr. Asquith Argues That American President Is Too Busy to Undertake Task.

London, July 30.—In the House of Commons the debate on the Irish question terminated in the defeat of the Irish adherents.

The motion of John Dillon, the Nationalist leader, condemning the government's Irish policy was rejected by a vote of 245 to 106.

Mr. Dillon proposed that the question of Ireland be referred to President Wilson. This suggestion was well received by the House, but as former Premier Asquith pointed out, it could not be expected the President of the United States could undertake such an arduous task now and the matter was obviously one the British people would have to settle.

Asquith Appeals for Decision.

The Irish question was one of overwhelming importance, Mr. Asquith declared and he made a strong appeal to the government to make another effort, even at the eleventh hour, to settle it.

Regarding the suggestion made by Mr. Dillon that the Irish question be referred to President Wilson, Mr. Asquith said:

"He would be a very bold man who would expect Mr. Wilson to undertake a task which has baffled so many pioneers in the past. If it could not be referred to members of our own family it does not seem that a question of that kind could be well submitted to the arbitrament of a foreign country, however friendly."

Introducing his resolution, which expresses the view that the "true solution of the Irish question is to put into operation without delay in regard to Ireland the principles laid down by President Wilson.'

Mr. Dillon admitted that the Nationalist party was in difficulty, but, he added, "we are because we have struggled to save the constitutional honor and bring Ireland into the war, while the government has done everything in its power to drive her out of the war."

The Nationalist leader declared the question of Ireland was a war question and that was why he brought it up at the present time. How could Great Britain, he asked, put before the world as one of her objects of the war the freeing of small nationalities when there was Ireland lying at her backdoor "under the unhappy tyranny of a military government?"

Australian Troops Capture Merris

By WILLIAM PHILIP SIMMS,
(United Press Staff Correspondent.)

With the British Afield, July 30—Australian troops captured Merris by surprise this morning. The Australians quickly surrounded the village shortly after midnight. After a few minutes snappy work the place was cleared of Germans. Outposts were established to guard against surprise counter attacks.

Czecho-Slovaks Penetrated to the Black Sea

(By United Press)

Washington, July 30—Czecho-Slovaks penetrated to the Black Sea in southern Russia campaign and seized two Russian cruisers in the harbor of Novorostok.

German People Hearing of Defeat

(By United Press)

Paris, July 30—Dispatches state the new German defeat is at last becoming known to the German people, and is causing great nervousness.

Powder and Bombs Explode, Wreck Ship

(By United Press)

Tokio, July 30—Eighteen carloads of powder and light bombs being loaded on a ship exploded. Thirty were killed and 50 injured. The ship was wrecked and many houses damaged.

German Losses are 250,000 Men

(By United Press)

London, July 30—Correspondents in the Rheims sector say the Germans lost thirty thousand prisoners recently. Other losses total 250,000.

RAISES BAN ON WHEAT

Food Director Releases Housewives From Pledges.

Buyers of Flour Are Still Required to Purchase an Equal Amount of Substitutes.

Washington, July 30.—The food administration has taken another step toward partial resumption by the nation of its old habit of eating by releasing housewives from voluntary pledges to curtail the consumption of wheat.

This follows closely the release of hotels, restaurants, clubs and dining car service from their pledge, effective Aug. 1.

No change has been made, the food administration announced, in the half and half rule, and purchasers of wheat flour will be required to continue the purchase of an equal weight of wheat substitutes.

Bakers still are required to make "Victory" bread, containing at least 25 per cent wheat substitutes. Arrival of the new wheat crop has made it possible for the release of voluntary wheat saving pledges, the administration said.

Allied Food Council Formed.

London, July 30.—The conference in London between the food controllers of the United Kingdom, United States, France and Italy is continuing its labors. The establishment of an inter-allied food council, composed of the controllers, is now an accomplished fact.

ESCAPE FROM SUBMARINES

Three Liners Attacked 200 Miles From Atlantic Coast.

An Atlantic Port, July 30.—Three trans-Atlantic liners which arrived here reported having been attacked by German submarines, each of them when about 200 miles off the Atlantic coast, in latitude 38.35, longitude 70 40. All three vessels by superior speed escaped undamaged after a running fight which lasted several hours.

GEN. SIR W. MACKENNON

Position in British Army Similar to That of Crowder's.

Gen. Sir W. H. Mackennon has been appointed director of the military draft in Canada and Great Britain by the British war office, a position which is similar to that held by Major General Crowder in the United States. General Mackennon was formerly commander of the Canadian Light Horse troops.

Huns Bayoneted American Prisoners

(By United Press)

With the Americans Afield, July 30—In a village taken and retaken several times but finally remaining in American hands, our boys found several comrades bayoneted and killed by the huns as they lay wounded and helpless.

American Wounded Promptly Treated

BY FRANK J. TAYLOR,
(United Press Staff Correspondent.)

With the Americans Afield, July 30—Two ever moving streams of traffic over roads between Ourcq and the Marne testify to the intensity of the struggle. Fresh troops, guns, ammunition and supplies are advancing, while the back wash consists of ambulances carrying wounded. At hastily established dressing stations the wounded are laid on the ground, sorted out and then sent to the rear on larger ambulances. The doctors and nurses without sleep for forty-eight hours work untiringly. Most wounded reach the hospitals 50 miles behind the lines within four hours after being hurt. American gunsman Fords carrying the wounded back over the roads and are constantly under bombardment. Two German airplanes attempted to machine gun these roads. The Americans turned their rifles skyward, and got two birds with one shot, wounding one airman. He lost control of his machine and turned his machine into another. Both dropped.

Germans Continue Desperate Resistance

BY MELLETTE,
(United Press Staff Correspondent.)

With French Afield, July 30—The Germans continue a desperate resistance along the line of their new positions they established in retreating. It is impossible to tell whether it is the place they chose to make a stand or merely sacrificing to save materials.

General Haig Reports Raids

(By United Press)

Lodnon, July 30—General Haig reported successful raids last night in the neighborhood of Ayette in Picardy and Merris. In Flanders the German artillery threw numerous gas shells near Albert.

YANKS AND FRENCH STAND THE BRUNT OF COUNTER ATTACK

Enemy Employs 71 Divisions In One of Fiercest Battles of the War Now Developing

Crown Prince Hurls His Prussian Guards At Rugged American Farmers at Sergy and Crack Hun Troops are Worsted

American Farmers Best Prussian Guards

BY FRED S. FERGUSON,
(Staff Correspondent, United Press)

With the Americans Afield, July 30—The Crown Prince hurled the Prussian guards, one of the best divisions of the Prussian army, against the rugged American farmers at Sergy in attempting to check their advance. The Americans threw them back across the Ourcq. Now these famous enemy divivsions are broken, and the farmers are in full possession of Sergy and the ground beyond. Standing out from other fighting is the bitter battle for Sergy. This town was taken and retaken nine times since Sunday. To reach the town the Americans waded waist deep across the Ourcq and advanced up the opposite bank facing a hail of machine gun fire. They rushed the machine gun positions swept over the bank and took the town. Artillery aided in holding the boches.

Casualty List

(By United Press)

Washington, July 30—Gen. Pershing reported 149 casualties. The marines 10.

Germans Launch Counter Attack Against Soissons Front

(By United Press)

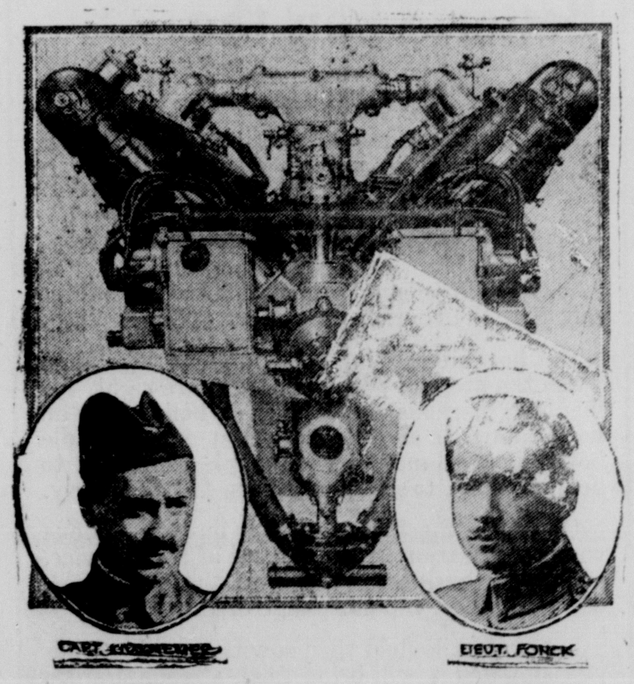
London, July 30—1:30 p. m.—It is learned this afternoon the Germans launched a heavy counter attack upon the whole Soissons Ourcq front. The Americans were driven from Cierges four miles northwest from Fere en Tardenois, and the French were compelled to fall back from Gegnen. The French advanced on the crest of the plateau between the Vesle and the Ourcq. The heaviest fighting is progressing between Villeentardenois and Ourcq. In Anderevalley east of Villeentardenois the French advanced to Aubilly, six miles southwest of Rheims. The enemy engaged 71 divisions or 825,000 men.

Pershing Reports Severe Fighting

(By United Press)

Washington, July 30—Gen. Pershing reported that heavy counter attacks by fresh enemy troops at Ourcq caused severe fighting.

First Photo of Great Aero Motor, and Two Aces Who Used it to Kill Hun



Captain Guynemer and Lieutenant Fonck, the two greatest French aces, each of whom had to his credit more than fifty German airplanes, always flew in planes driven by the Hispano-Suiza motor, and this is the engine which is now being manufactured in the United States for planes to be sent to the front by the War Department. A great plant in New Jersey where 4,000 men are employed, is making the 150-horsepower Hispano-Suiza at the rate of 700 a month. Another plant of large capacity will soon be in operation on Long Island.

California Labor Leader, Given Reprieve by Governor, On Way to San Quentin

Sending of United States troops into California to insure the pardon of Thomas J. Mooney, sentenced to death as the San Francisco preparedness parade bomber, was proposed here by Frank P. Walsh, labor chairman of the War Labor board.

Walsh, speaking before 20,000 union men in Chicago yesterday said some such move would be necessary to preserve the morale of American workers. A resolution presented by Walsh branded the testimony against Mooney as the "lying testimony of a piratical crew of criminals, drug addicts, immoral women and professional perjurers."

"In the light of recent events," Walsh said, "it is easy to believe the bomb outrage was a part of German propaganda."

Governor Stephens of California, has granted a reprieve to Mooney, until December. This picture shows Mooney on a ferryboat on his way to San Quentin prison in charge of Sheriff Thomas Finn.

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THE WEATHER

Weather Forecast for Next 24 Hours:

Cooler, light showers probable.

Cooperative observer's record, at 7 P. M.:

July 29—Maximum 69, minimum 55. Reading in evening, 63. Northwest wind. Clear.

July 30—Minimum for the night, 45.

LOCAL NEWS NOTES

News of Parties, Visitors, Visits, Deaths, Accidents, Etc., gratefully received by the Dispatch. Telephone Northwest 74.

For Spring Water phone 264. tf

Mrs. H. Ingalls visited in Brainerd.

Lowery Smith of St. Paul was in the city.

Mrs. Cornelison of Deerwood visited in Brainerd.

Miss Dorothy Saunders arrived today from Backus.

Crystal Spring water, $1.00 month. L. Bourassa, Telephone 13. 541m

Mrs. Thomas Finley of Hackensack was visiting in Brainerd.

Alderman F. M. Koop served on the federal jury at Duluth.

Everett Reynolds and Joe Smith of Backus were in Brainerd.

Let Olson hand wash your rugs. Phone 39. 10tf

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Marsh of Crosby were in the city yesterday.

The Misses Vera Cooper and Eva Carter of Pequot were Brainerd visitors.

The water and light board holds its regular meeting of the month this evening.

War tax of 20 per cent will soon be added to tires. Better buy tires at Woodhead Motor Co. sale Tuesday, July 30 before the tax is effective. —Advt. 48t2

Charles G. Osterlund of Deerwood, well known druggist, was in the city on business matters.

Miss Myrtle Rosenberg returned today from St. Cloud where she had been attending the normal.

Eloquent loyalty addresses were made at Backus by Rev. Father J. J. O'Mahoney and John Hughes.

Joseph Dioune returned today from a short visit in Brainerd with relatives.—Little Falls Transcript.

Mrs. A. M. Johnson and little son Howard, visiting in Staples, returned today to their home in Bemidji.

R. R. Denison leaves tonight for Lawrenceville, Ill., where he has accepted a position as superintendent of city schools.

Guaranteed Homer Pipeless Furnaces for sale by D. M. Clark & Co. 39tf

The county food administration has been allowed the services of a paid stenographer and Miss Norma Brady has been selected.

Mrs. L. B. Tower and little son arrived today from Brainerd, for a short visit in this city with relatives. —Little Falls Transcript.

I will be at Cook's Pool Hall on pay day evenings for the collection of Moose dues. Clifford Russell, Secy. Advt 49t2

Dr. and Mrs. M. A. Shillington, arrived in the city Monday evening to spend a few days visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Wieland.

Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Hallam, of Mammouth, Ill., were guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. B. White over Sunday. Mrs. Hallam, being a niece of Mr. White.

For bargains in houses and lots, see J. R. Smith, Sleeper Block. 226tf

K. W. Lagerquist is spending the summer on the coast and in the last three weeks has visited in South Tacoma, Portland, North Yakima and Portland.

Miss Anna Hyry, charming sister of Mrs. John Vanni, came from Sebeka today and visited a short time in Brainerd, leaving in the afternoon for Duluth.

Shop people and farmers will be able to take advantage of Woodhead Motor Co. special sale on tires Tuesday, July 30, as the store will be open to 9 in the evening. 48t2

J. H. Viereg, superintendent of gas division of the Whitney public utilities, is in the city inspecting the Brainerd plant of which A. B. Willing is superintendent.

Frank H. Peters has remodeled his home at 711 South Fourth street, adding bath and other conveniences. The house now has nine rooms and is essentially modern in every respect.

You will always need tires as long as you run a car. Better buy a 30x3 tire at the special sale at Woodhead Motor Co. Tuesday, July 30. Store open to 9 in the evening. 48t2

Press of additional work has caused delay in getting out the minutes of the commissioners' July meeting and the county board of equalization. It is expected to publish part or all this week.

Mrs. Howard Quick took her little daughter Marie to Brainerd last Tuesday, where she had her adenoids and tonsils cut out. They returned home the same evening.—Hackensack News.

Dispatch want ads measured a full column on Monday evening. There were 4 help wanted, 10 for rent, 16 for sale and 5 miscellaneous wasts. Telephone your wants to the Dispatch Northwest 74, or mail the ad or have it sent to the office. Ads are cash.

Woodhead Motor Co. first to introduce special sales on pay days and Saturdays. An offering of tires $12 each. Better buy a good 30x3 tire Tuesday night July 30. Store open to 9 o'clock. Advt. 48t2

Saturday night's storm burned out a number of fuses of transformers. The fire department answered one call on Oak near Tenth where a broken electric wire caused some damage. Repairs were quickly made Sunday and minor ones completed on Monday.

Strictly business from start to finish. You know when you enroll that you will get the best to be had in up-to-the-minute business training. Our new courses are modern in every particular. Resolve now to enter this College where only the best awaits you. Brainerd Commercial college. 1t

Strained His Telescope.

The oldest inhabitant of Little Cockleton possesses a telescope which he never uses.

"Why don't you make use of it sometimes, James?" a neighbor asked.

"It used to be a good 'n," James said sorrowfully, "but it's broke now."

"Broken?" the neighbor asked. "How's that?"

"Well," James replied, "it was such a good'n that I could see the old church steeple five miles away quite plain, but Joseph, the scoundrel, got the lend of it and tried to make out the steeple of the Methody chapel morn'n ten miles away. He tried and tried and couldn't, so that he strained my glass and it's never been right since. Drat Joseph."

Commander a "Good Fellow."

One of the home-guard boys had on a uniform that was too large for him. While waiting on the station platform for the train to come the commander noticed this boy and coming up to him turned him around and around, looking him over on every side. Finally he said: "Young man, that suit does not fit you."

The boy, not realizing to whom he was talking, promptly retorted: "Well, that is no reason why I should be made a windmill of, is it?"

Luck favored him and the commander laughed.

BEST THEATRE
TODAY
RAYMOND McKEE
IN
"THE UNBELIEVER"
See Ad

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¶ Whose ever thrift it was, it found its first expression, doubtless, in a savings account.

¶ First a nest egg, then a growing investment fund, then substantial interest additions, finally a *capital*.

¶ And it brings home to you forcibly, that after all, every fortune must have its modest beginning;

¶ And that a savings account for you, now, at this bank has as great possibilities as there have been in thousands of savings accounts which proved to be foundations of comfortable fortunes.

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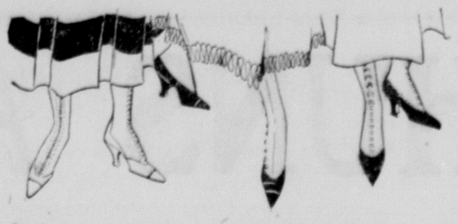

Ask Us What's New

Murphy's
THE STORE OF QUALITY

If It's New We Have It

SUGAR SHORTAGE IS SERIOUS

Supply May Be Exhausted Before End of the Year.

Minneapolis, July 30.—That the United States may be entirely out of sugar before the end of 1918 was predicted by Henry K. Myers, investigator at large in the enforcement division of the United States food administration, who arrived in the Twin Cities.

"The sugar situation in this country is much more serious than most persons realize," he said. "Indeed it is possible that, before the end of the year, we shall be unable to get any sugar at all."

LOSING ONE SHIP IN 200

Convoy System Shows Efficiency Against Submarines.

London, July 30.—As an evidence of the efficiency of the convoy system since it was established by the admiralty about a year ago, is pointed out that the proportion of ships lost to those convoyed during that period has been .59 per cent. In other words only one ship out of nearly 200 has been lost.

MARINES BATTLE OUTLAWS

Washington, July 30.—United States marines landing at Vicontillo province, Santo Domingo, were attacked by bandits, Secretary Daniels announced.

Three marines were wounded.

Ten of the bandits were killed and several wounded.

Capt. Charles F. Merkle commanded the detachment.

Bomb Sinks Italian Steamer.

Rio Janeiro, July 30.—The Italian steamer Giuseppe Garibaldi, 4,000 tons, has been destroyed by an explosion 200 miles off the Brazilian coast. Six members of the crew were killed. The remainder were rescued by the English ship Ardgrange. Officers of the vessel have reported to the Italian consul here to the effect that the explosion was caused by a dynamite bomb, believed to have been placed on board the ship by Germans. The Giuseppe Garibaldi formerly was the steamer Cleveland Range.

Rejoice at American Victory.

Washington, July 30.—The important and glorious success that the American forces have won in the recent battles fought on the French front, said a message from the Italian ambassador to Acting Secretary of State Polk, have produced in Italy, together with a keen feeling of admiration, a joy which can only be measured by him who knows as your excellency knows, the deep friendship that the Italian nation unreservedly entertains for this great republic."

War of the Roses.

The war of the roses that never ends is a war to vanquish beauty with greater beauty. For long ages, since history began, this has been going on. Japan and India, Serbia and Persia cheered on contestants a dozen centuries before Damascus gave to the Crusaders the damask rose for occidental culture. "Decisions" have only temporary significance. For example, as Paris gave Venus the award of beauty, his namesake city gives southern California the gold medal, the prize of honor at the Bagatelle competition. But California must meet world competition in years to come and must maintain her form or get out of the running. Rose culture is a progressive art.

As for the Germans, we believe they were not represented at Bagatelle. That does not matter much. In this, as in their science, the Teutons are rather imitators than originators. True their Duchess de Mecklenburg, their Cornelia Koch, their Felenberg and particularly their Princess de Sagan, with its rich maroon and crimson loveliness, have attracted English attention. But these are all modifications of French types, as the Kronprinzessin Victoria is a modification of the Bourbon rose.—Brooklyn Eagle.

BASEBALL SCORES.

American League.

Chicago, 1; Washington, 0. (13 innings.

Detroit, 3; New York, 2.

Boston, 3; St. Louis, 2.

Philadelphia at Cleveland, rain.

National League.

Philadelphia, 5; Cincinnati, 4. (11 innings.)

Boston, 3; Chicago, 2.

St. Louis, 4; Brooklyn, 3. (12 innings.)

Pittsburgh, 4; New York, 2.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Minneapolis Grain.

Minneapolis, July 30. — Oats, July, 73½c; Sept., 67¼c.

Duluth Flax.

Duluth, July 30.—Flaxseed, Sept., $4.75; Oct., $4.70½.

Chicago Grain.

Chicago, July 30. — Corn, July, $1.54½; Aug., $1.55. Oats, July, 76⅝c; Aug., 70⅝c.

South St. Paul Live Stock.

South St. Paul, July 30.—Steers, $6@15.75; cows, $7.45@10; calves, $5.50@15.50; hogs, $18.15@18.20; sheep and lambs, $10@17.

Kansas City Live Stock.

Kansas City, July 30.—Hogs—Receipts, 9,000; higher. Bulk, $18.50@18.75; heavy, $18.60@18.80; packers and butchers, $18.50@18.75. Cattle—Receipts, 22,000; steady. Prime and fed steers, $17.50@18.35; dressed beef steers, $13.50@17.25; stockers and feeders, $7.50@16.65; calves, $8@14. Sheep — Receipts, 7,000; strong. Lambs, $15@18.50; yearlings, $11@15.50; wethers, $10@13.75.

Butter, Eggs and Poultry.

Minneapolis, July 30. — BUTTER—Creamery extras, per lb., 43c; extra firsts, 42c; firsts, 41c; seconds, 40c; dairy, 37c; packing stock, 33c.

EGGS—Fresh prime firsts, new cases, 38½c; current receipts, new cases, rots out, $10.95; old cases, rots out, $10.60; checks and seconds, doz., 25c; dirties, candled, 29c. Quotations on eggs include cases.

LIVE POULTRY—Turkeys, fat, 10 lbs. and over, 25c; thin, small, 10@12c; cripples and culls, unsalable; roosters, old and young, 18c; ducks, 14c; geese, 13c; hens, 3½ lbs. and over, 24c; hens under 3½ lbs., 21c; broilers, all weights, lb., 30c.

Arrested as Dangerous Alien.

New York, July 30.—Bruno Opperman, a German, was arrested on his farm near Englishtown, N. J., and brought here by agents of the Department of Justice as a dangerous enemy alien. A wireless outfit and a high flagpole which could have been used for aerials was said to have been found on the place. Several weeks ago, when U-boats were operating off the New Jersey coast, the authorities made an effort to locate a wireless plant believed to be in communication with the submarines.

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Ideal Weather for a HAMMOCK
We still have a few **Hammocks** left and not wishing to carry them over we are offering them at a bargain.
Don't Fail to See Them.
Slipp-Gruenhagen Co.
The Store of Dependable Hardware
N. W. 104 T. S. 332

WSS
SAVE and SERVE
BUY
WAR SAVINGS STAMPS
Contributed by the Brainerd Dispatch

Do Something Better Than the Other Fellow---
and ADVERTISE

Advertising cannot accomplish the impossible any more than barren ground can yield rich crop.

But how advertising does make things hum when the product and proposition are right, the men and methods above board, when there's an honest purpose and earnest effort from bundle boy to general manager to serve efficiency, to deal honestly, to sell good goods, to price fairly.

Oil up the machinery of your business, imbue your organization with the spirit of true service, make your business worthy of the good will, the confidence, the patronage of the people.

In this fertile field then sow the seed of advertising and it will bring forth abundant crops in increased business and augmented prestige.

Your store news in the Dispatch will be read in practically every home in Brainerd and vicinity every evening.

WOMAN'S REALM

Girl on the Land Helps Win the War

The girl on the land is going to he lp win the war, and Miss Mary North, executive secretary of the Y. W. C. A., in charge of this activity, is cooperating with the Land Army Committee to furnish girls of the Y. W. C. A. for farmers. Those who have gone to the farms have proved th ey can do almost the work of skilled farm hands.

Peoples Congregational Aid

Mrs. Peter Forsberg and Mrs. Elza Warren will be hostesses on Wednesday afternoon, July 31, for the Peoples Congregational Ladies Aid society, in the church parlors. All ladies are welcome. Lunch served promptly at four o'clock.

Presbyterian Aid

The Ladies Aid society of the First Presbyterian church will meet at the home of Mrs. T. H. Schaefer, 516 So. Broadway on Wednesday afternoon, July 31st, at 3 o'clock. All members are requested to be present and visitors are welcome.

Mrriage Licenses

July 24—Harry Arthur Hagberg and Miss Esther Amelia Gilbert.

July 27—Willie H. Burns and Miss Katherine Cosgroves.

BRAINERD'S ODDEST STORIES OF TODAY

The other day a farmer called on County Food Administrator Andrew E. Berglund and roared because he could not get 25 pounds of sugar for canning. He told the administrator just what he thought about him. Mr. Berglund told him he could not O. K. his request for more sugar as he had received his allotment from a Chicago mail order house. That floored him. Then he tried the merchants of Brainerd for sugar, but found he could get none because his certificate was not O. K.'d.

Soap Bubble Lasts for Months.

The air of an ordinary room is filled with tiny particles of matter which fall on the airy soap bubble, alter the surface tension, and—poof—it is gone, says the Popular Science Monthly. The effect of these minute particles on the stability of bubbles was first brought to light by Sir Dewar. He experimented in clarified air until he was able to produce bubbles which lasted for months. He has even produced a soap film, which was a year old recently and which seems to remain just as it was. So tell the children that the secret of successful soap bubbling is to have a perfectly pure soap solution and to blow the bubbles in and with air that is also perfectly pure.

AMUSEMENTS

"THE UNBELIEVER" AT THE BEST

Patriotism Stirred the Audience and Applause was Frequent, U. S. Marines Appear

TRAGEDY OF BELGIUM SHOWN

Experience of One Man in War Finds Class Prejudice and Race Hatred Removed, and Finds God

"The Unbeliever" played to large houses at the Best on Monday and the play will be repeated on Tuesday.

As a filmed war drama it is one of the most stirring witnessed and portrays in keen, incisive lines the tragedy of Belgium, the Belgians undying love of country, home and friends, the entry of the Americans and as a contrast the repulsive brutality of the Prussians.

When the Marines deployed and the Belgian outpost warned the commander the Germans were on hand with twice the strength of their force the kids in the front seats were silent. They wanted the Marines to pitch right in, odds or no odds and clean up the huns and a groan went up as the Marines retreated. But a shout roared out when reinforcements came and the Germans were wiped out.

The title of the play comes about through the experiences of Phillip Landicutt, a young idler at length stirred to enlist, who gradually has removed his class prejudice, race hatred and finds renewed his belief in God.

And in the end the pretty Belgian finds peace and happiness in his arms.

As a war drama "The Unbeliever" is new, pulsating, vibrant with emotion and is the height of photo drama as it needs but few titles to carry its story. The scenes of artillery work, trench defense, of going over the top, are wonderfully real.

First Congregational Aid

The First Congregational church aid will meet with Mesdames W. A. M. Johnston and Carl Zapffe on Wednesday, July 31st at the home of Mrs. Johnston on Gull lake. Autos will leave the church at 2:30 p. m. for the accomodation of those who wish to go.

The KITCHEN CABINET

We shall be so kind in the afterwhile,
But what have we been today?
We shall bring to each lonely life a smile,
But what have you brought today?

SUMMER SALADS.

There is but one meal a day and that is the first, when a salad is not served or we feel that the meal lacks balance.

There are so many kinds of fruits, fish, flesh, fowl and vegetables that lend themselves to salad making that none need be deprived of one to his taste.

Wedding Salad.—Serve half of a canned pear or a very ripe fresh one on heart leaves of lettuce, cover with cubes of pineapple, blanched almonds and the usual mayonnaise dressing. If a bit of color for garnish is desired a maraschino cherry is added.

Chopped young tender well-cooked beets, mixed with mayonnaise dressing that has been tinted a light pink, makes a beautiful salad, and is as good as it looks. Asparagus and string beans make a most satisfying combination, served with French dressing.

Thinly sliced crisp red radishes used as a garnish, unless some other color is used, makes a pretty salad out of simple foods. Too many colors should never be used in any dish, our artists tell us, and surely we would not mix colors, even in a salad, which were not agreeable to each other.

Veal and Chicken Salad.—Cut bits of tender chicken and veal which have been cooked and seasoned together, add chopped celery to taste, or, lacking enough, a little tender white cabbage. Let stand with a light dressing of French dressing to season and serve with a boiled dressing. A cupful of mayonnaise or boiled dressing is usually sufficient for a quart of salad.

The blanched leaves of tender dandelions with lettuce is a most valuable salad combination, good for a tonic.

Surprise Salad.—Cut in bits two cold cooked lamb chops, freed from skin and bone. Make a jelly by straining and seasoning a cupful of tomato pulp and adding an eighth of a box of gelatin. Fill small cups and when nearly firm stir in the meat, cover well with the gelatin and chill. Unmold on lettuce leaves and serve with any desired salad dressing.

Nellie Maxwell

COOL LINEN FROCKS

Gown May Be Developed in White, With Braiding to Suit.

Skirt Is Very Narrow; Back of Coat Section Plain; New Fabric Fine for Separate Garment.

Frocks of heavy linen, smartly tailored, are fashionable for warm weather wear. They are expensive when bought ready to wear, and certainly not particularly cheap when made at home, as good linen fabrics are scarce and very high in price. But unless one wishes to wait until the very end of the season, when mark-down sales have brought prices to a reasonable level, making things at home is a less expensive method of dressing than purchasing them ready to wear, and certainly more individuality is possible.

The sketch offers a suggestion for a linen frock, which may be developed in white with soutache braiding in navy, yellow or other color, or the gown may be in color with white braiding. It is a slip-over affair, an

Modish Tailored Frock of Linen.

opening about five inches deep at the side front making this possible. The sash, tied loosely, may be in a color to match either the frock or trimming.

The skirt of the dress is very narrow, measuring not more than 1½ yards in width, and the back of the coat section is entirely plain, with only a short round yoke formed by a continuation of the front panels, braided, to relieve its severity.

A very interesting and lovely cotton fabric brought out this season, and which is being used in large quantity for separate skirts, might be selected for this frock.

The material is satin finished and closely simulates silk satin. It launders well and while closely woven and with a firm texture it is not as heavy in weight as the linens usually selected for tailored garments. Sateen is an old-time favorite, but this new material does not show the twill that sateen has.

HAVE SHOES MATCH GOWNS

Oil Paint May Be Successfully Used on Canvas Footgear; Operation Is Simple.

It is possible to have pretty shoes at small expense to match light dresses, writes a correspondent. Shoes of delicate colors are hard to find and always expensive. One girl wanted a pair of light gray shoes and this is how she managed: She had a pair of white canvas shoes which were somewhat soiled. She first scrubbed them with good white soap and water, using a small brush, then drying them in the sunshine. She then mixed a little black and white oil paint until the desired gray shade was obtained. This she mixed in a cup half full of turpentine.

Very little paint is needed. Just enough to color the canvas. Brush the liquid over the shoes with a small paint brush and you will be surprised to find how nice they look. They dry with no streaks. Match them in ribbon for ties. Of course any colors may be made to match any gown. The artists' paint is not expensive, the black and white are only a few cents a tube each.

About Skirts.

Wide silk braid used as a binding outlines the lines of many separate skirts. Any number of new models are made with yokes, with the pockets inserted where the lines of the yoke or belt form a novel cut. There is an absence of applied pockets on the latest skirts.

Money-Savers At Clark's For Pay-Day

RUGS RUGS

27x54 Tapestry	$1.95
27x54 Velvet	2.95
27x54 Wilton Velvet	3.95
27x54 Axminister	2.95
36x72 Axminister	6.95

Only a limited amount of rugs are offered at these exceptional prices and sales are limited to one to a customer.

Dining Chairs

Some fifty chairs in a good variety of of finishes and all brand new, but only three or four of one pattern, are offered at exactly one-half of regular prices.

Regular Prices $3.00 to $8.00

Each Cut to $1.50 to $4 Each

Dining Room Tables

Four GENUINE OAK, 6-foot Extension Round Top Tables, 2 finished fumed and 2 golden and each splendid values at their regular price of $25.00 can be had today at the sharply reduced price of

$17.50

Library Tables

Two slightly shopworn library lables finished mission, in good condition, are offered at about one-half of the prevailing prices.

At $8.75 For the Small and $12.50 for the Large

Complete Outfits for your home is our specialty. You can do best at Clark's—and a small payment down puts any article in our immense stock in your home. The balance may be paid in easy installments monthly. Remember we can beat city store prices every time. Visit our store and be convinced.

WHERE PRICE & QUALITY MEET — Lammon's — BRAINERD MINN. — THE STORE WITH A CONSCIENCE

Camping Out?

Mosquito Lotions, Sunburn Remedies, Poison Ivy Remedies, Peroxide, Talcums, Etc. We have them all.

A.D.S. CO-OPERATIVE DRUG STORE

When You Buy An Automobile---

Decide On a CHEVROLET

The Chevrolet has been a great success from the beginning.

The Chevrolet is a meritorius product, at a reasonable price. An honest car—it's built of best material procurable. Sold at a fair price. The company's desire is to satisfy each Chevrolet owner

Model "Four-Ninety" five-passenger Touring Car $740 f. o. b. Brainerd

THE SHERLUND CO.
Brainerd, Minnesota

A BIG SALE!

3 Days Only

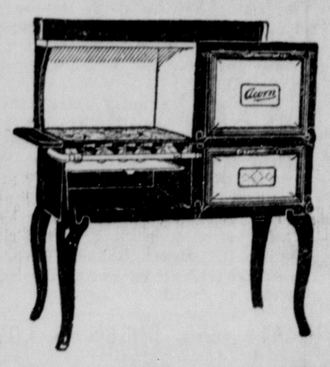
Electric Irons and Fans

ELECTRIC IRONS $5.00 and $6.00 value, choice	$3.95
ELECTRIC FANS (Gen. Electric Co. make) $10 value, while they last	8.25
100 ELECTRIC SHADES, 50 and 75c values, choice while they last	.10

We also carry the most Complete stock of Electrical Appliances, Fixtures, Flashlights and Batteries in this City.

THE BRAINERD ELECTRIC CO.
Telephone 179 UNION CARD SHOP 718 Laurel St.

Want Ads Pay Why not advertise in the Daily Dispatch



This Cabinet Range installed for $35

Order Now as Prices are Bound to Advance Soon

A FULL LINE OF COMBINATIONS AND GAS PLATES

The Brainerd Gas & Electric Co.
613 Laurel Street

THE BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

By Ingersoll & Wieland

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Month, by carrier ---------- $ .50
Three Months, by carrier ---------- 1.25
One Year, by carrier ---------- 5.00
One Year, by mail, outside city ---- 4.00

Weekly Dispatch, per year ---------- $1.50
All subscriptions payable in advance

Advertising Rates Made Known on Application

Office in Dispatch Building, Sixth St. So.

Entered at the post office at Brainerd, Minn., as second class matter

MEMBER MINNESOTA EDITORIAL ASSOCIATION ORGANIZED 1867

TUESDAY, JULY 30, 1918.

Swanson Army — Broman Navy

AMERICAN AND GERMAN FINANCES

Pessimistic Americans who view with alarm our increasing national obligations may derive a great deal of comfort from a comparison of the financial condition of the United States contrasted with that of Germany.

The total resources of the United States are estimated at about $250,000,000,000; our annual earnings are estimated at about $50,000,000,000. Our national debt, including the third liberty loan, may be put around $12,000,000,000.

Before the war our Government was spending about $1,000,000,000 a year. When the war is ended, interest charges, less the interest collected from our loans to our allies, Government insurance expenses, and other necessary expenditures growing out of the war may conservatively be estimated at something like $1,000,000,000. We are confronted, therefore, when peace comes, with raising only a couple of billions a year revenue, a slight task for a Nation of such tremendous wealth, capacity, and resources.

The resources of Germany before the war were estimated to be $80,000,000,000. The annual expenditures then of the Imperial Government were about $800,000,000. Her debt now is $30,000,000,000, and her resources and man power have been severely impaired. After the war she is confronted with additional expenditures growing out of the war totaling some $4,000,000,000.

The interest of her war debt, even if the debt grows no larger, will be about $1,500,000,000. Although she is niggardly in her pensions to private soldiers and their families, $1,000,000,000 a year would hardly suffice to pay even small pensions to her injured and the families of her soldiers who have been killed. Her war debt must be paid some time and a sinking fund of 5 per cent would add $1,500,000,000 to her annual taxation. Here is a total increase of $4,000,000,000 all due to the war.

Of course both the United States and Germany may greatly increase their debts, but the increases will not change the relative situations.

The German government has drained the German people of their gold, even their jewels and heirlooms, and yet the Imperial bank of Germany now has but little over $500,000,000 of gold in its vaults. The United States has made no special effort to obtain gold, has made no call upon the people for precious metal, and yet today has in its treasury vaults practically $2,500,000,000 of gold coin and bullion.

WHEN THE WAR ENDS

So many of the war experts' opinions and forecasts have been published and so few have hit the mark in this war that the Dispatch ventures a prognostication of its own and that is that the war will be over by the end of the year 1919.

Those war experts safely ensconced in their seats 5,000 miles from the front make their predictions calmly and when wrong, start right over again with another line of dope.

There are two phases of the big war. One is the battling out in the open on foreign territory now carried out. When the huns are driven from that country, the second phase develops when the Germans fight on their home ground.

Then after their armies have been driven to cover comes the time when they will stake all in a grand sea battle with their fleet.

America is the power that has given the allies the ascendancy. But for some people to expect the Americans to check a grand offensive as happened in the fifth German drive and then march straight into Berlin is expecting too much.

The Germans have been so thoroughly imbued with the idea that they are world conquerors that nothing short of a blow on top of the head and a jab with a bayonet will bring them to their senses.

PERENNIALLY DEAD AND ALIVE

The column of perennially dead and alive ones, whose existences appear as hard to cut off from this mundane sphere as any cat with the proverbial nine lives:

The ex-Czar
Villa
Hindenburg
Ludendorff

The Czar had been killed so often that he was moved to reply by letter and assert that he was still alive. The correspondence was published and there quickly followed another report that he had been murdered.

Villa's deaths were endless and gave much employment to press bureaus in the Mexican unpleasantness.

Hindenburg was declared dead after a stormy interview with the kaiser on the subject of conducting the war. Hindenburg has the gout and the rheumatism and was said to have died from appoplexy. This week he was declared to be in good health.

When the fifth offensive of the Germans went astray it was promptly asserted that Ludendorff, the chief engineer of the proposed steam roller, had died. He is now reported alive.

In these days of strenuous work getting out newspapers, you can bet your life that when a newspaperman is reported dead, he is good and dead with no hope of resurrection or a chance of reading his own obituary.

DRUNKEN AUTO DRIVERS

Municipal Judge Lyons of Little Falls will show no mercy to drunken auto drivers in the future, says the Little Falls Transcript. A Morrison county man ran amuck by filling himself with alcohol and bumping cars.

The man was given his choice between paying a fine of $100 and costs or spending 90 days in jail.

In addition there are state laws prohibiting a drunken person from running a car.

47 AMERICANS DIE IN ACTION

93 Are Wounded, Including Several From Northwest.

Washington, July 30.—The last army casualty list shows: Killed in action, 47; died of wounds, 17; died of disease, 4; died of accident and other causes, 11; wounded severely, 93; wounded, degree undetermined, 7; missing, 20; total, 199.

Northwest names appear on the list as follows: Private G. Underwood, Arcadia, Iowa, died of disease; Capt. H. H. Barber, Minneapolis; Capt. L. C. Coleman, St. Paul; Sergt. H. G. Johnson, Minneapolis; Sergt. O. V. Phillips, St. Paul; Bugler J. M. Towey, St. Paul; Private C. J. Benson, Duluth; Private H. J. Lee, Minneapolis; Private G. B. Reid, Minneapolis; Private N. Bisedorph, St. Paul, severely wounded.

Northwest names reported in the last previous casualty lists are: Private Robert P. Lyle, Sutton, N. D., killed in action; Cook Theo. F. Pronveucal, Edga, Wis., Private Wm. C. Gebhart, St. Paul, Private Arthur E. Gentz, Waconia, Minn., Private Verne B. Caldwell, Montezuma, Iowa, Private James D. Leggett, Rodney, Iowa, Private Ivan E. Little, Portage, Wis., severely wounded.

SAYS MRS. BUSCH IS LOYAL

Attorney Nagel Asks Government to Return Property.

Washington, July 30.—Decision on the application of Mrs. Adolphus Busch, widow of the St. Louis brewer, for return of her property, valued at millions of dollars, taken over by the government as result of her stay of several years with relatives in Germany, is soon to be made by Alien Property Custodian Palmer. On Mr. Palmer's desk upon his return from a Western trip, was a voluminous brief filed by her attorney, Charles Nagel, former secretary of commerce and labor, who is here for conferences with Mr. Palmer.

Mrs. Busch's counsel insists that she is a loyal citizen and merely was visiting abroad.

ALL SHOULD FIGHT UNDER OLD GLORY

THIS IS BETTER FOR PEOPLE OF FOREIGN EXTRACTION IN UNITED STATES.

HITS PROFITEERING LAWYERS

Congressman Knutson of Minnesota Preparing Bill to Stop Their Practices—Senator Watson Pulls Record to Confound Senator Lewis.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington.—It is doubtful if foreign republics can be built on American soil by people who are temporarily in this country, or who came to this country to better their fortunes. At all events it is questionable whether it will be best for America to encourage organizations of foreigners for the purpose of carrying on the war. It would be preferable for these people of foreign birth and parentage, be they Jugo-Slavs, Lithuanians, Croatians, or whatever other specific race or nationality, to at once amalgamate as Americans and help fight the central powers under the American flag. Most of these people came to this country because they were discontented with the governments under which they lived or because they hoped to better their condition. The quicker they become Americans in every thought and feeling, the better.

The effort of the Germans in this country to keep alive German traditions and customs proved very costly to the American government when we became involved in war with Germany. There is plenty of room under the American flag for every nationality that wants to beat back the Huns and their Austrian, Bulgarian and Turkish associates.

Following up his effort to prevent attorneys and claim agents from getting a "rake off" from the widows and orphans of soldiers, Congressman Knutson of Minnesota is preparing a bill which will make it a misdemeanor punishable by fine and imprisonment for anybody to take a percentage of war risk insurance or of a soldier's pay when that soldier has lost his life in the service of his country. Knutson says that he is going to stop that kind of profiteering if it is possible to do so.

Senator James Hamilton Lewis of Illinois made a speech in which he severely arraigned all those men in the senate who did not stand by the president. He was particularly vigorous in his criticism of senators who opposed the bill taking over the telephone and telegraph lines and said that the president's desire for such legislation ought to be sufficient. Then along came Senator James E. Watson of Indiana, a very good single-handed talker, if anyone should ask you, and in the course of his speech he pulled out the record of James Hamilton Lewis as a member of the house back in the Spanish war days and read from Lewis' speeches in which he opposed war measures in a rather critical manner. But then the Republicans were in power and Lewis was in the opposition.

Congressman Snell of New York told the house during discussion of the waterpower bill that 300,000 horsepower had been developed in Canada, Norway, Sweden and France, by Americans with American capital. He pointed out that a company in the United States owned a power site on the St. Lawrence river, but on account of the restrictive laws in this country in regard to water, the company went 75 miles down the river into Canadian territory and bought a new site, and developed 150,000 hydro-electric energy, one-half of which was brought over to the United States by 85 miles of wire. The New York congressman said that Canada was making it possible to develop the waterpower and utilize it, while the United States had placed restrictions on waterpower which would now be of great value to this country for war work if it had been given an opportunity to develop.

On the day when a recess was finally put through congress the senate heard a tribute to a man whose name has been almost forgotten, but who saved the Union in its greatest crisis. The man was John Ericsson and the eulogy on him by Senator Nelson of Minnesota. There were probably a good many of his hearers who had to search their minds carefully and go back to their school days and history lessons before they remembered that it was John Ericsson, Swedish engineer, who designed the Monitor, victor over the Merrimac in the world's first battle between iron-clad men-o'-war.

When it comes to flowery language and sonorous utterances few men can compare with Senator Vardaman of Mississippi. He is one of the firmest supporters of prohibition in public life and when he made a short speech in the senate a few days ago he used his command of speech to describe a drunkard. "I have seen," he said, "the stalwart young athlete, with body erect, eyes flashing with the fire of enthusiasm, perfect features, marble brow, change to the wrinkled-faced, flabby, whisky-soaked creature, with the complexion of a pickled pomegranate and eyes that look like frost-ten plums and a nose that resembles a frozen tomato."

Foe General Retired for Failure.

Washington, July 30.—The German General von Francoeis has been put on the retired list as punishment for his failure in the offensive in the region of Soissons, according to an article in the Frankfurter Zeitung, received here by cable.

Receiver for Nat Goodwin.

New York, July 30.—A receiver for the property and effects of Nat Goodwin, actor has been appointed in the city court here. Goodwin was described in the papers as "stock promotor, theatrical manager, moving picture star, actor in legitimate drama." The receivership is the outcome of a judgment of $1,696 recently recovered against Mr. Goodwin in suits based on notes given in payment for land near Hemet, Cal., where the actor has a ranch.

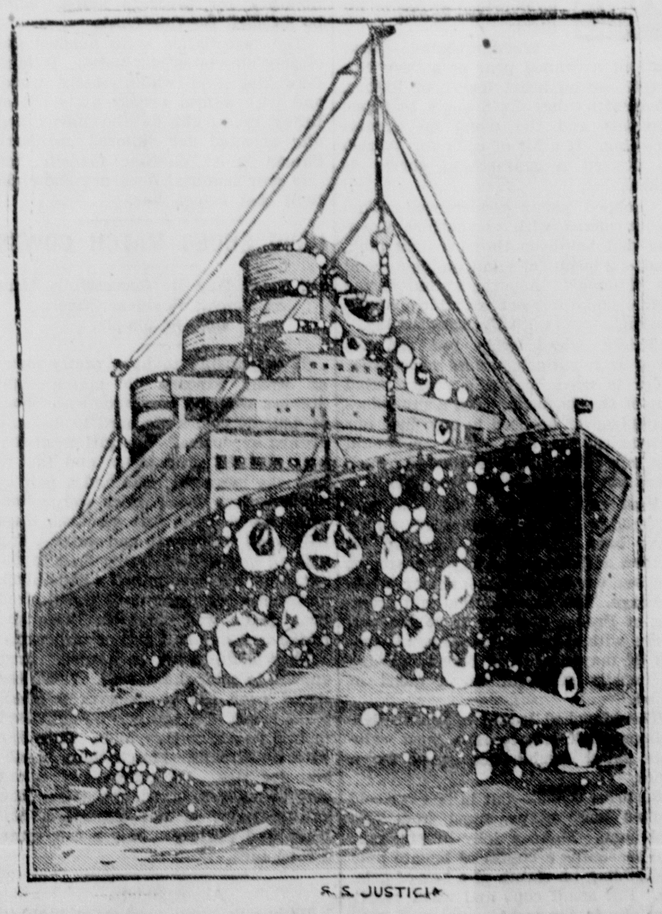
Its Kind.

"They say that at marriages in the future there will be a strictly American wedding march."

"I suppose it will be something on the order of a two-step."

DISPATCH ADS BRING RESULTS

Great White Star Line Transport is Sunk



S. S. JUSTICIA

The great White Star Line transport Justicia, of 32,234 tons, the sixth largest ship in the world, was sunk off the north Irish coast by a German submarine. While she carried a crew of more than 600 it is not believed that any soldiers were on board. The ship was built in Belfast for the Holland-America Line and was named the Statendam. She was taken over by the British government. She made a trip to the United States, leaving here June 27 with American troops.

Food

QUESTIONS ANSWERED

SUGAR PRICES

How do sugar prices here compare with those in other countries?

Net wholesale prices of refined sugar per pound in chief cities of Allied countries since sugar control was established in the United States by the Food Administration:

October 1, 1917.

N. Y.	Montreal	London	Paris	Rome
$0.0818	$0.0867	$0.0998	$0.1228	$0.263

May 1, 1918.

N. Y.	Montreal	London	Paris	Rome
$0.073	$0.0807	$0.1259	$0.1228	$0.263

What is the average retail price of sugar in the United States?

From 8½ to 10 cents a pound, varying slightly in different localities. During the Civil war sugar sold at retail for 35 cents a pound, when there was no real shortage. Speculation then was rampant; now it has been checked by Food Administration regulation.

How have prices been regulated?

By voluntary agreement with producers and refiners, with regard to the price of the raw sugar and refiners' margins, and by establishing maximum margins for wholesalers and retailers.

Would our prices be higher if there were no control of sugar?

The price would, in the face of the world shortage, have mounted rapidly, as it has in countries where no control exists. As the American people consume upward of 8 billion pounds annually, each cent per pound increase would cost the people more than $80,000,000 a year.

How can I know whether my grocer is charging excessive prices for sugar?

Consult the list of "fair prices" published in the newspapers or write directly to the State Food Administrator or his representative in your vicinity.

What penalty is there for the small retail grocer who is found guilty of charging excessive prices?

Wholesalers, all of whom operate under Federal licenses, issued by the Food Administration, may cut off his supplies.

Hoarding.

What is sugar hoarding?

Having on hand more than is needed for a reasonable length of time. You should not fail to return any unused balance of sugar purchased for canning purposes.

May a household have a month's supply of sugar on hand?

This is not justifiable except in extreme cases where there are no stores available for purchase, and it should be done only upon advice of the Federal Food Administrator or his deputy.

What are some of the evil effects of hoarding?

It throws the distribution system out of joint; it raises prices; it imposes a heavier burden upon those already doing their utmost; it results in waste where there are no proper facilities for storage; it discourages the honest.

What is the moral wrong of hoarding?

It is selfish, cowardly, unpatriotic. It is, in effect, taking unto one's self special privileges at a time when all Americans should be on the same footing, share and share alike.

Is there any punishment for hoarders?

Yes. The Food Control Act provides fines of not more than $5,000 and imprisonment for hoarding by dealers, manufacturers or householders.

General Sugar Conservation.

Is sugar necessary in the diet?

Neither cane nor beet sugar is necessary. In the average American diet all the bodily needs may ordinarily be supplied by using honey, syrups, fresh, preserved and dried fruits.

What are the general sugar saving rules?

Use all sugar sparingly and wherever possible use substitutes. Be sparing of confections and sweet cakes. The American people last year spent enough money for candy to feed all Belgium for two years. Supplement sugar with honey, maple syrup and corn syrup. Cultivate a taste for fruit in its natural sweetness. Sugar is a fuel-food. Get fuel from potatoes and other starchy foods rather than from sugar. It excels them as an energy-food only because it produces energy more quickly.

If a recipe calls for 1 cup of sugar, what amount of substitute may be used?

If a recipe calls for 1 cup of sugar, use in its place 1 cup of strained honey or 1⅔ to 2 cups of corn syrup. If honey or syrup is used, the amount of liquid called for in the recipe must be reduced ¼ cup for every cup of honey or syrup.

Canning.

Why is it good conservation policy to use sugar for home canning and preserving of fruits?

Surplus perishable fruits would be lost if not canned. Sugar used in this way goes farther than it does as sugar. Every can put up by a housewife means a can released from commercial stocks for export to feed our armed forces and the Allies.

Why does the Food Administration at present encourage canning without sugar?

Because sugar may be added later, when it is more plentiful.

Best Theatre
Paramount Pictures
TODAY
The Unbeliever
The comments of last night's audience were all "The Best War Picture Ever Shown in Brainerd."
Shows 7:45 & 9:15 Admission 10c and 20c.
Prices Quoted Include War Tax.

Tomorrow
JANE GREY
IN
HER FIGHTING CHANCE
A POWERFUL DRAMATIZATION OF JAMES OLIVER CURWOOD'S MOST FAMOUS NOVEL—"THE FIDDLING MAN"

WAR SAVINGS STAMPS DELIVERED TO YOUR HOME
Tear Out—Fill In—Hand Letter-Carrier—or Mail to Post Office
TO THE LOCAL POSTMASTER:—Kindly have letter-carrier deliver to me on _____ (Date) for which I will pay on delivery:
_____ (State number wanted) $5. U. S. WAR-SAVINGS STAMPS at $_____ (See prices below) each
_____ (State number wanted) 25c. U. S. THRIFT STAMPS at 25c. each.
Name _____
Address _____
W.S.S. WAR SAVINGS STAMPS ISSUED BY THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

W. S. S. COST DURING 1918					
April	$4.15	July	$4.18	Oct.	$4.21
May	4.16	Aug.	4.19	Nov.	4.22
June	4.17	Sept.	4.20	Dec.	4.23

W. S. S. WORTH $5.00 JANUARY 1, 1923

CAN TILL YOU CAN'T
NATIONAL WAR GARDEN COMMISSION
And Then Can Some More

KNIFE 'EM

Get ready to can or dry all the corn in your neighborhood. Free book of instructions on canning and drying may be had from the National War Garden Commission, Washington, D. C., for two cents to pay postage.

SWAP SECRETS

Two tricks o' trade are better than one, and you can learn much from your neighbor about canning and drying. Free book of instructions on canning and drying may be had from the National War Garden Commission, Washington, D. C., for two cents to pay postage.

Arranging vegetables or fruits on trays for drying. This and many other suggestions will be found in the free drying book which the National War Garden Commission of Washington will send to any one for a two-cent stamp to pay postage.

MAKE 'EM AIR-TIGHT

Hints for home jelly makers, as well as home canners are contained in the free book on canning and drying issued by the National War Garden Commission, Washington, D. C. Write for a copy, enclosing two cents for postage.

NINE VOLUNTEERS CHAUFFEUR WORK

Crow Wing County Quickly Supplies Quota from 1918 Draft Registrants' List

TO ATTEND CHAUFFEUR SCHOOL

At Indianapolis, Ind.—Leave Thursday, August 15th, for Their New Duties

Nine men of the 1918 draft registrants have volunteered as chauffeurs and will be sent to the school for chauffeurs at Indianapolis, Ind., August 15.

They are Chester S. Benson, Swan Harold Nelson, Byron H. Squires, of Brainerd; Guy Borden of Merrifield; Burton G. Huntley, John Lundgren of Ironton; Clyde E. Shafer of Crosby; John Carl Schellin of Dykeman.

DEPT. OF LABOR MAN TO SPEAK

John T. Smith, Representative of U. S. Department, at Opera House Thursday Evening, Aug. 1

TO TELL OF WAR AIMS OF U. S.

Meetings Arranged for in Brainerd and Crosby by John M. Taylor of Federation of Labor

John T. Smith, a representative of the U. S. Department of Labor, will speak at a patriotic meeting at the Brainerd opera house on Thursday evening, August 1, and John M. Taylor, vice president of the State Federation of Labor of the sixth district, is completing arrangements for Mr. Smith's appearance in Brainerd.

Mr. Smith is one of twelve speakers touring the country in behalf of the government and addressing meetings of all kinds on the war aims of the government.

Mr. Taylor is also making arrangements for Mr. Smith to speak at Crosby where he will have the opportunity of addressing Cuyuna iron range residents.

There have been speakers of many kinds in Brainerd, ministers, lawyers, politicians, professors, editors, returned soldiers, etc., but it's the first time the Department of Labor had a representative and accordingly he should be given a full house at the Brainerd opera house when he details the war aims of the government and especially as it applies to labor and the people in general.

Brainerd has no idle class. Everybody works. The continued operation of the railway shops is necessary to carry on railway and war work. All are vitally interested in backing up the government in every phase of winning the war.

Mr. Smith should be given such an audience and such attention as to let Washington know that the people of Brainerd appreciate the action on the part of the Department of Labor in sending its representative, Mr. Smith, to this city and county.

Combined Effort.

The great artist who paints a picture which compels the admiration of the world does not do so with one sweep of the brush in one moment of inspiration. The great masterpiece is the product of thousands of strokes of the brush, of infinitesimal bits of pigment put on the canvas layer after layer, each done with consummate art. Every tiny bit of paint, every swift stroke does its tiny part toward what becomes at last a marvel of ages. So must we work, stroke by stroke, a bit here and a bit there, until our masterpiece has been completed.

Eagle Provision Co.

612 Laurel St.

Hormel's Midget Bacon, per lb.	30c
Hormel's Austin Bacon, by the strip, per lb.	42c
Scolo or Snow Drift, per lb.	28c
Pure Lard, per lb.	30c
Kellogg's Corn Flakes, 2 pkg.	25c
Shredded Wheat, 3 pkgs	40c
Rolled Oats, large pkge	30c
Rolled Oats in bulk, 10 lbs	75c
Calumet Baking Powder, 1lb can	24c
Calumet Baking Powder, 10 lb can, per lb.	17c
Arm & Hammer Soda, per pkg	7c
Swift Pride Soap, 10 bars	48c
Electric Spark White Soap, 10 bars	60c
P. & G. or Fels-Naptha Soap, 10 bars	65c
Swifts Borax Soap, 10 bars	60c
Palm Olive Soap, per bar	11c
Baker's Chocolate, ½ lb cake	19c
Fresh Shedded Cocoanut, per lb	33c

We Save You Money All the Time

Eagle Provision Co.

HELEN CONSTANCE NICHOLSON

Only Daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Joseph Nicholson Died Suddenly on Monday

Death came and saddened the home of Dr. and Mrs. Joseph Nicholson, on Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock, when their little daughter Helen Constance, was taken from them after a brief sickness of only 48 hours.

Helen had been slightly indisposed for two or three days but nothing serious appeared until 5 o'clock on Saturday afternoon.

Everything possible was done to save her life, but a consultation of doctors was of no avail in checking the disease and she died of acute toxaemia.

Helen was born Feb. 9, 1917 and being the only girl in the family was the chief delight of her parents. Her disposition was so bright and cheery that she was really the sunshine of the home and was loved by all who knew her. The sympathy of a large circle of friends is extended to the bereaved parents.

The funeral service will be held at the Nicholson home, 324 North Broadway on Wednesday at 3 p. m. Rev. P. A. Peterson and Rev. R. E. Cody will both participate in conducting the simple service.

BAND CONCERT ON WEDNESDAY

Brainerd City Band to Play at Gregory Park Tomorrow Evening at 8:15 O'Clock

RICHARD H. REHL DIRECTOR

Duet for Cornets to be Played by C. Elvig and J. Broschinski—Program Given in Full

The Brainerd City band will play its regular weekly concert at Gregory park at 8:15 o'clock Wednesday evening with Richard H. Rehl directing.

An interesting number will be a duet by cornets, C. Elvig and J. Broschinski.

The program in full follows:

1. March, "Bombasto"....O. R. Farrar
2. Overture, "Royal Crown" ..... G. Barnard
3. Serenade, "Love in Idleness" ..... Allan Macbeth
4. Popular Song "Some Day They're Coming Home Again"..... Harry Hilbert
5. Duet for 2 cornets.... J. F. Wagner (Messers S. Elvig and J. Broschinski)
6. Novelty Patrol ..... W. Hager
7. Reverie, "Romance of a Rose"..... L. O'Connor
8. Characteristic, "Old Barn Dance"..... Corin
9. Selection, "Primrose"..E. Brepsant
10. March ..... Select

Star Spangled Banner

VISIT RED CROSS HOSPITALS

Congressmen Chat With American Wounded in France.

Paris, July 29.—The delegation of American congressmen spent a busy day visiting Maj. Hobert P. Perkins, American Red Cross commissioner, the five Red Cross Hospitals in Paris and its vicinity. They were particularly interested in the tent hospital at the race course at Auteil, where every congressman found wounded Americans from his own constituency.

Mr. Sharp, the American ambassador, gave a reception in honor of the congressmen. They expect to leave soon for England.

CONVICTS ON FIGHTING LINE

With the American Army on the Aisne-Marne front, July 30.—A prisoner taken by the Americans near the River Ourcq asserted he had been released from a German prison three weeks ago to join the army. When the Allied offensive began he was sent to fight with the Germans operating along the Marne. This prisoner said other Germans had been released from confinement and turned over to the army.

From a dead German the Americans took typewritten papers showing that he had been set free from the Nordtingen prison July 17 to go to the front.

General Boardman Discharged.

Washington, July 30.—The War department in an order issued announced the honorable discharge of Brig. Gen. Chas. R. Boardman, national army, formerly attached to the national guard of Wisconsin. The order said his services no longer were required.

Superairplanes Coming Soon.

Paris, July 30.—"Airplanes, carrying a hundred men and equipped with engines equal in power to those in a medium sized steamship will be developed within three years," said Gianni Caproni, inventor of the Caproni bombing planes, in an interview. "There is a surprise in store for the Germans," he said. "Instead of the 40 and 50 machines necessary to start on a bombing expedition it will be possible to do the same work with a new machine as powerful as the whole squadron."

EIGHT CALLED TO THE COLORS

Eleven Named to Provide Against Contingencies Leave for Jefferson Barracks, Mo.

ON MONDAY, AUGUST 5TH

Five from Brainerd, 1 Crosby, 1 Canada, 1 Ironton, 3 Deerwood Men of 1917 Class 1

Eleven were called to the colors August 5. Crow Wing county's quota is eight men and the eleven were summoned so as to provide for contingencies. They leave for Jefferson Barracks, Mo., next Monday, August 5th.

Gust Nordlander, Crosby.

Joseph Les De LaMere, Toronto, Canada.

Roy Korman, Ironton.

Fred Henry Englund, 615 South Seventh St., Brainerd.

Lenford Ralph Hanson, 824 Front St., Brainerd.

William Walter Krueger, 419 Kindred Street, Brainerd.

Axel Edwin Heglund, Deerwood.

Arthur Gunion, 724 South Quince St., Brainerd.

Edgar Olaf Archibald, Deerwood.

Robert Edgar Falconer, 214 North Ninth St., Brainerd.

Herman Lind, Deerwood.

TOM WOOD MAKES BIG HIT IN N. D.

Is an Attraction at the Fair Grounds at Grand Forks Aids the Red Cross Too

HE ADVERTISES THE PAN CARS

Boosts Recruiting, Major Yost Having Equipped Him with the Necessary Credentials

(Grand Forks, N. D. Herald)

"Tommy Wood," the biggest stockholder in the Pan Motor company—weighing 490 pounds, furnished one of the features at the fair yesterday with his generous singing. At the opening of the program in front of the grand stand he sang to the accompaniment of the Grand Forks band. Later at Machinery hall he sang with the Milton band, where a large crowd gathered to hear the performance. The climax came, however, when he gave a concert in the Liberal Arts building at the Stone Piano company booth for the benefit of the Red Cross. While he sang several varied popular numbers, girls passed around the Red Cross bags, to which the crowd freely contributed. The German helmet which the Stone company is exhibiting was also used as a money receptacle, and was nearly filled by the small pieces of money dropped in by the crowd. "Tommy" himself made a great hit. Singing several new popular songs, he was heartily applauded, and responded with encore after encore. His "They Go Wild, Simply Wild Over Me," went big, as well as his number in which he played a ukulele and sang a Hawaiian melody.

"Tommy" has tried several times to enlist in different branches of the service, but the officials thought he would stop too many bullets. When he tried to get into the recruiting service, Major Yost, well known here, gave him a letter, which he carries, giving him permission to do civilian recruiting, and the big boy expects to have a few men to his credit before he leaves the city.

The Model "Hoss."

I will say this respecting the horse—and I have had much to do with every variety and kind—that for docility, for faithfulness and for cheapness of maintenance give me the horse who never sheds his coat or is bothered with ingrowing toe nails, who remains wherever you place him and is ever on the job when he's wanted. That horse is the sawhorse.—Zim in Cartoons Magazine.

Catarrhal Deafness Cannot be Cured.

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circulars free. All Druggists, 75c

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

ROLL OF HONOR

Albert E. Broman of the Dispatch office was accepted in the navy and awaiting shipment from Minneapolis to the Great Lakes training station. Monday he was informed to return home and there hold himself in readiness for his call to the station which at present is crowded full.

Mrs. Effie Converse has received word that her son Robert has safely arrived over seas. He is in a motor truck company of a supply train.

James I. Grieson of Independence, Iowa, employed as a farmer at Fort Ripley, has been inducted by the local draft board following a call from Iowa. Mr. Grieson left today for Camp Forest, at Lytle, Georgia.

Elie E. Johnson, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. St. Johnson, of 1201 Southeast Pine street, enlisted in the engineer corps at St. Paul.

TURKEY BREAKS WITH GERMANY

Constantinople and Berlin Are Said to Have Severed All Relations.

CREATES NO SURPRISE

Washington Officials Declare That Division of Spoils From Enforced Treaty With Roumania Probably Caused Rupture.

London July 30.—"According to direct information from Constantinople, the relations between Germany and Turkey have been severed."

This announcement is made by the Copenhagen correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph company.

The excitement against Germany, the advices further say, has been growing, particularly after last week's events.

The Germans recently demanded the cruiser Hamidieh, the only large ship then in possession of Turkey, as compensation for the Breslau, the former German cruiser which was destroyed in the Dardanelles while under the Turkish flag. Despite Turkey's protest the Hamidieh has departed for Sebastopol with the German flag flying.

Washington, July 30.—While no official notice of the breach of relations between Turkey and Germany—or rather the Teuton powers, for without doubt Austria is involved with Germany in the dispute with the Ottoman government—has reached Washington, officials expressed little surprise at the dispatch saying Germany and Turkey had severed relations. In official circles here it has been realized that in her efforts to serve Turkey and Bulgaria in the division of spoils resulting from the enforced treaty with Roumania, Germany had incurred the ill-will of both her allies.

Following the conclusion of the peace treaty with Roumania at Jassy, both Turkey and Bulgaria laid claim to much of the territory Roumania had been forced to cede to her enemies. Included in these claims was title to the railway running from Adrianople to Deadeagatch and this became the source of the greatest contention between the two allied nations.

Germany Accused of Favoritism.

Germany for some time endeavored to induce the two countries to settle this dispute amicably by suggesting the nation which failed to obtain the railway should receve other compensation.

Belief in Turkey that favoritism was being shown Bulgaria by Germany in the negotiations, according to recent dispatches received here, caused a rapid growth of anti-German feeling in Constantinople. A shortage of food, weariness of the war and dissatisfaction with the Young Turk party because of its submission to German control recently found expression in Constantinople in food riots and munitions uprisings which have been sternly suppressed by the military authorities.

Turkey Weary of War.

That Turkey has become more and more weary of the war was indicated in the failure of the latest Turkish loan in June. According to Swiss dispatches only $69,000,000 was obtained out of $160,000,000 sought.

BREAKS PREVIOUS RECORDS

Gross Income of Southern Pacific Shows Big Increase.

New York, July 30.—Gross income of the Southern Pacific company and subdivisions for 1917 amounted to $193,971,490, an increase of $30,544,067 or 18.69 per cent, exceeding all previous records, according to the detailed report issued.

This gain was partly offset by operating expenses which increased 16.99 per cent to $120,601,823.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS FOR RHEUMATISM KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

SILK GLOVES

75c, 87½c and $1.10

White Fabric Gloves $1.00

Our glove section offers to you just the gloves you will want for summer wear.

All sizes in black and white and some of the latest shades, All reasonable priced.

Fill your Green Trading Stamp book. None will be given after October 1st

H. F. Michael Co.

U. S. TO ASSIST CHINA

American Bankers Agree to Advance Loans.

Fifty Million Believed to Be Amount Considered—Allies May Participate.

Washington, July 30.—An agreement has been reached with a group of American bankers whereby a loan or loans will be made to China, the state department announces.

No specific amount is mentioned, but it is understood $50,000,000 will be advanced.

The agreement provides that the group shall have representatives from different parts of the country; an assurance on the bankers' part that they will co-operate with the government and follow the state department's policies; that the names of the banks be submitted to the department for approval along with the terms and conditions of the loan or loans.

Foreign Bankers May Come In.

In return the department agrees to aid in every way possible to make prompt and vigorous representations and to take every possible step to insure the execution of contracts made by American citizens in foreign lands.

British, Japanese and French bankers, it is hoped, will be associated with the American group, and negotiations are now pending to grant these bankers equal parts in the loan.

Aid to Allies to Be Increased.

"China declared war against Germany largely because of the action of the United States," said acting Secretary of State Polk. "Therefore, this government has felt a special interest in the desire of China to equip herself for more specific assistance against the Central Powers."

FUND FOR DROUGHT RELIEF

President Sets Aside $5,000,000 to Aid Western Farmers.

Washington, July 30.—President Wilson has placed $5,000,000 at the disposal of the treasury and agricultural departments, it was announced, to be loaned to farmers in the West and Northwest who have suffered severe crop losses through winter killing and drought.

The money, to be handled through the Federal Land banks, will be loaned to the farmers in sums not to exceed three dollars an acre, with maximums of 100 to 150 acres, was announced, and will be used to tide over the farmers during the present period of stress.

OFFICERS SIGN RESOLUTION

German-American Alliance Charter Repeal Goes to President.

Washington, July 30.—Changes in the selective service act were discussed briefly at the semi-weekly meeting of the Senate, but the House held only a five-minute routine session.

The presiding officers of the Senate and House signed and sent to the President the resolution repealing the federal charter of the National German-American alliance, whose members have been charged with pro-German activities.

Lightning Kills Two Farmers.

Wausau, Wis., July 30.—John Schmidt of Rib Falls, Wis., and Henry Hintz of Hamburg, Wis., were instantly killed while working on their farms during a severe electrical storm which struck this vicinity, doing considerable damage to crops.

Grumble at Clothing Order.

Amsterdam, July 30.—The German government has given "final notice" to the public to give up voluntarily at least one suit of clothes each to the war workers and the army. Failure to meet the demand will result in forcible requisition and delinquents will be liable to imprisonment for one year and a fine not exceeding $2,000. Although private residences have been exempted from the confiscation for the present, there already is much grumbling.

The Woodhead Motor Co. Will Conduct a Series of Sales, one on Each Saturday and Each Pay Day, Commencing Tuesday, July 30. This will give Shop people and farmers an excellent opportunity of taking advantage of them. The store will be open until 9 P. M. Saturday and Pay Nights.

We offer for our first sale a quantity of 30x3 Plain Tread Firestone, Goodyear and Goodrich Casings at $12.00 Each. Brand New. Remember a war tax of 20 per cent will be imposed on tires very soon so take advantage of this offer.

Woodhead Motor Co.

New Location, Anna Block

Corner 7th and Front Brainerd, Minn.

WHITE BROTHERS

Hardware and Sporting Goods

Tel. 57 :-: 616 Laurel St.

THE DISPATCH

Prints the Best and Latest in Wedding Invitations and Announcements, Dancing Party Invitations and Programs, Programs for Recitals, Entertainments and Other Occasions, also Supper, Social, Entertainment and Dance Tickets, Milk Tickets, Etc.

We will be Pleased to Show You Samples of Our Work and Give You Our Prices. Call on Us.

The DISPATCH JOB DEPARTMENT

Dispatch Building, So. Sixth St.

WANTS

HELP WANTED

WANTED—Day waitress, Garvey's Restaurant. 2744-45tf

LABORERS WANTED—at Parker & Topping Co. Foundry. $3.15 for nine hour day. Apply to foreman. 2755-48t6

WANTED—A first cook at the N. P. hospital, for one month. 2754-48t2

WANTED—A nice gentle driving horse. Will pasture for use until fall. Phone Rural 5-5. 2759-49t2-w1

WANTED—A good teamster to handle a No. 1 team by the day or on percentage. Work till freeze up. Telephone 465-J. 2761-49tf

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Furnished room, 722 South Broadway. tf

FOR RENT—Downstairs furnished rooms for rent, 203 N. 4th. 2750-47tf

FOR RENT—Seven room house. Inquire at 406 6th St. S. 2603-16tf

GARAGE room for two cars for rent. J. K. Pearce. 2700-35tf

FOR RENT—A furnished flat for light housekeeping in the Pearce block. Gas to cook with. 2735-43tf

FOR RENT—Large store room with full basement Aug. 1. Inquire at Kaupp's Meat Market, Laurel St. 2756-48t3

FOR RENT—Down stairs portion of house, 5 rooms, at 421 4th Street North. Mrs. W. F. Holst. 2758-48t3

A FOUR ROOM cottage for rent at reasonable figure. For particulars call at my office. Henry I. Cohen, 201 Iron Exchange Bldg. 2677-31tf

FOR SALE

FOR SALE CHEAP—Motorcycle or will trade for bicycle. Telephone 357-R.

FOR SALE CHEAP—One Ford touring car, 1917. Woodhead Motor Co. 2741-45tf

FOR SALE—Seven room houes, barn and four lots, at 1020 S. 7th St. 2749-47t6

FOR SALE—Acorn gas range in good condition, cheap. Leaving town. Apply 620 N. 6th St. 2740-45t6

FOR SALE—41 music rolls for self-playing piano. Good selections. 903 3rd Ave., Phone 970-W. 2747-46t6

FOR SALE CHEAP—One 12 h. p. Fuller & Johnson gasoline engine, with movable trucks. Woodhead Motor Co. 2742-45tf

UPRIGHT PIANO—$60 buys upright piano. W. H. Hall, the piano man. 2752-47t3

FOR SALE—Koban 2-cylinder detachable boat motor. Call at Dispatch office. 2590-14tf

FOR SALE—A snap on a 1917 model 5 passenger, 4 cylinder Buick touring car, also Ford car. The Sherlund Co. 2739-45tf

FOR SALE—160 acres unimproved land in Daggett Brook, F. M. Koop. 2318-274tf

FOR SALE CHEAP—Cottage at Nisswa. Terms if desired. Address J. S., Dispatch. 2733-43tf

FOR SALE—120 acres improved farm land in South Long Lake. Good buildings. Fifty acres broke. F. M. Koop. 2319-274tf

FOR SALE—12 dozen fruit jars, almost new. A bargain if taken at once. 911 3rd Ave., Phone 970 W. 2734-43tf

FOR QUICK SALE—Studebaker six cylinder, 7 passenger car. Perfect engine. Finish in excellent condition. Call at Dispatch. 2760-49tf

FOR SALE—80 acres of land with about 1500 cords of wood stumpage on same 9 miles from Brainerd, $1500. Inquire Geo. H. Gardner. 2753-47tf

FOR SALE OR RENT—House at No. 97 North Bluff. Modern in every respect. Hot water heat. Inquire of W. H. Taylor, % Lakeside Lumber Co. 2704-36tf

MISCELLANEOUS

LADY wants position as housekeeper 307 South Seventh St. 2685-32tf

LOST—Gold bracelet Saturday. Return to Margaret Spillman, Woolworth Co., for reward. 2757-48t3p

WANTED—Plain sewing and dress making, 601 2nd Ave. N. E. Phone 42-R. 2681-32tf

FOOD WILL WIN THE WAR

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS
FOR BACKACHE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

Guarding Our Lines

Guarding our lines is like guarding our health—we must encourage the care of our bodies—train our organs for bodily endurance, efficiency and full achievement. It is not so much a necessity to fight disease as to cultivate health.

If we want to increase our chances for long life—Dr. Pierce, of the Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., says, "Keep the kidneys in good order. Try to eliminate through the skin and intestines the poisons that otherwise clog the kidneys. Avoid eating meat as much as possible; avoid too much salt, alcohol, tea. Try a milk and vegetable diet. Drink plenty of water, obtain Anuric (double strength) for 50c at druggists, and exercise so you perspire—the skin helps to eliminate toxic poisons and uric acid."

For those easily recognized symptoms of inflammation, as backache, scalding "water," or if uric acid in the blood has caused rheumatism, "rusty" joints, stiffness, get Anuric at the drug store, or send Dr. V. M. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., 10c for trial package.

Send a sample of your water to Dr. Pierce and it will be tested free of charge, or write for free medical advice.

Anuric is a regular insurance and life-saver for all big meat eaters and those who deposit lime salts in their joints.

ST. PAUL, MINN.—"I thank Doctor Pierce very much for what Anuric has done for me. It surely is wonderful. I have doctored for years, but no doctor or medicine did the good that Anuric did for me. I was so sick at times that I could not do any of my housework nor could I attend to my sick calls. I took two boxes of Anuric and now I feel just fine. I could not get along one day without Anuric in the house."—MRS. ANNA REEM, 130 South Robert Street.

GOES FAR BACK IN HISTORY

French City of Montdidier Was of Importance in First Millennium of the Christian Era.

The National Geographic society issues the following war geography bulletin on Montdidier, a few miles east of Amiens:

"This little town, whose history dates back to the first millennium of the Christian era, had a population of less than 5,000 at the beginning of the war, but it was rich in historic associations. It is said to have derived its name from the fact that Didier or Desiderius, the last of the Lombard kings, was imprisoned here in 774 by Charlemagne. It will be remembered that Charlemagne, having put aside his first wife, Desiderius' daughter, took up the quarrel of Pope Adrian I with the Lombard monarch, and after marching an army across the Alps, captured the erstwhile father-in-law's capital city, Ticinum, and took the vanquished ruler back to France, where he died in captivity.

"Montdidier is attractively situated on an eminence on the banks of the river Don. It is the capital of an arrondissement in the department of the Somme, and is 62 miles north of Paris by rail, and 23 miles southeast of Amiens. Its chief industries before the war were tanneries and the manufacture of zinc-white.

"When the tides of war finally recede it is probable that the three buildings in which the citizens of Montdidier took the greatest pride will be crumbling ruins. These are the church of St. Pierre, which was built before Columbus set sail on his voyage of discovery, and which contains a tomb and font of the eleventh century; the church of St. Sepulchre, a fifteenth century edifice, and the Palais de Justice, formerly the city castle. In the last named building visitors before the war were shown six unusually handsome Brussels tapestries of the seventeenth century. These were undoubtedly removed before the Germans entered the city.

"Montdidier's most famous son was Parmentier, the scientist, who gave impetus to the culture of the potato in France. A statue erected here commemorates his gift to the nation.

"For a number of years this little city was governed by its own lords, then passed under the dominion of the counts of Crepy and Valois. In the twelfth century it became a possession of the French crown and received a charter of liberties. In 1636 it offered a gallant and successful resistance to the Spanish invaders."

Labor-Saving Harvester.

One thousand improved wheat-harvesting machines, known as combines, will be used in Washington state and other states of the Northwest this year, according to farm-help specialists of the United States department of agriculture, and will effect a great saving in labor. These machines, which cut the heads from wheat and thrash the grain as they travel across the field, can be operated by two persons, and each machine will harvest from 350 to 400 acres of wheat during a season. They are marked labor savers over the old type combine, which required about 20 men.

No Chance for the Old Man.

It was the first time that Richard's father had seen "her" and they were talking things over.

"So my son has proposed to you," he said, "and you've accepted him? I think you might have seen me first."

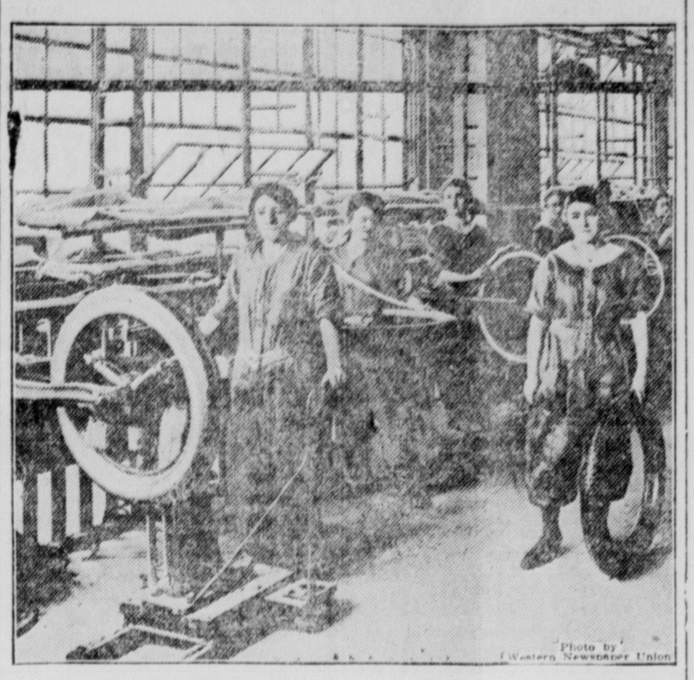
She blushed sweetly as she replied: "I did, but I think I prefer Richard."

Paradoxical.

Squabs—What made poor Griggsby so light headed?

Squibbs—Well, there are differences of opinion, but he attributes it to heavy thinking.

WOMEN NOW SPEEDING WHEELS OF INDUSTRY



These women at the Detroit factory of a big tire concern are replacing men who have been called to the service. The women of America are indeed doing their bit in domestic, industrial and even actual war work.

SLIPPING CLUTCH IS A BAD HABIT

Once Started It Is Difficult to Remedy and Unnecessary Wear Will Result.

ALWAYS ENGAGE IT GENTLY

Intentional Slipping Is Also Disastrous and Is Usually Due to Disinclination to Shift Gears—Start on First Speed.

"The person who habitually slips the clutch in use is courting danger," says William H. Stewart Jr., president of the Stewart Automobile school. "He increases the wear tenfold, so that finally it will hardly hold at all. Then some day he will need it badly to pull him out of a tight place and it will fail entirely.

"The purpose of the clutch is to connect the engine to the transmission and to disconnect it at the will of the operator. This is necessary, particularly for shifting gears, to prevent grinding or stripping. When allowed to engage it should always be done gently, so as not to break some part of the transmission. This caution applies particularly to the low speed when starting the car from a standstill, as the strain is then excessive. As the clutch is engaged the accelerator pedal is depressed slightly to give the engine sufficient power to carry the load. As the clutch takes hold it must do so smoothly, speeding up gradually until it moves at the same speed as the flywheel. It is evident from this that the clutch slips first and holds afterward.

Most Serious Fault.

"Slipping in this manner is a necessary evil that causes the lining to wear out in time. The length of time may be long or short, depending on the driver. One of the most serious faults is to drive with the feet on the clutch and the brake pedals. The clutch is partly released by this practice, causing almost constant slipping, and the car will lack speed. To overcome this the driver feeds more gas, causing the engine to overheat, and also wasting gasolene.

"We now come to intentional slipping, which is also disastrous if continued. It is usually due to a disinclination to shift gears. The car is approaching a block in the traffic which will probably open if we do not arrive too soon, so we slow down slightly. We have choice of several methods. If we throttle down too far the engine will stall. If we shift to second speed it may delay us, and then many drivers dislike it, forgetting that gears were placed on the cars for just such occasions. A third method is to allow the car to coast by throwing out the clutch and then engaging it again. This gives an intermittent motion to the car to which they object, but it is nevertheless superior to the following method (and the last one that should be employed). This consists in slipping the clutch and driving the car at a speed intermediate between high and second. This should never be done. Either stay in high and stop when the obstruction is reached or else drop into second gear.

Taking Hill on High Gear.

"Another example of slipping the clutch is where the driver tries to take a hill on high gear and finds he cannot quite do it. Instead of shifting to second speed he crowds the engine all he can and then slips the clutch slightly. Another practice to be condemned is starting on second speed. The first speed is provided for just such use and it strains the mechanism severely besides wearing the clutch to start habitually on second speed.

"Take good care of the clutch, prevent slipping either through wear or intention and you will be repaid a thousandfold."

WAY TO CLEAN RUSTY STEEL

Brush With Paste Composed of Cyanide of Potassium, Castile Soap, Whiting and Water.

Steel which has become rusty can be cleaned by brushing it with a paste composed as follows: Half an ounce of cyanide of potassium, half an ounce of castile soap, an ounce of whiting and water sufficient to form a paste. The steel should be washed after the paste has been applied, in a solution of half an ounce of cyanide of potassium in two ounces of water. On the other hand, rust may be prevented on steel parts by applying the following mixture with a brush, just as if it were varnish: One part caoutchouc, 16 parts turpentine. These ingredients must be dissolved in a gentle heat and then eight parts of boiled oil should be added. The whole is now mixed by bringing them to boiling heat. This material may be removed by the use of turpentine.

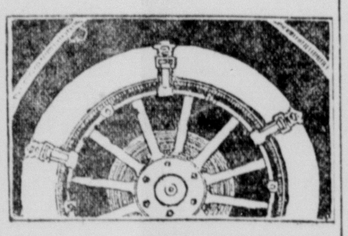
MUD CHAINS FOR EMERGENCY

Devices Shown in Illustration May Be Attached While Car Is Stuck Fast in Mire.

It is a difficult and sometimes impossible task to put on the ordinary chains when your car gets stuck in the mud.

In such emergencies the motorist who has provided himself with the light and readily attachable devices shown in the illustration may get out with reasonable ease, as these chains can be put on even when the wheels are deep in mud.

They are made from one-eighth-



The New Mud Chains Which Can Be Attached Quickly When Your Car Strikes a Bad Road.

inch flat steel, the tread plates are two inches wide and the links one and one-quarter inches wide. The cam is on one end and the loop on the other, which the cam hooks into when placed together. Leather on the inside of the steel band prevents marring of the felloe varnish. The tread plate is corrugated to prevent slipping and has four or five square inches of flat space pressing against the casing, thus preventing rolling on the tire.

USING HAMMER TOO FREELY

Sprockets or Gears May Be Fractured or Sprung Out of Line—Pulley-Puller Is Best.

When attempting to remove sprockets or gears from the shafts to which they are attached by means of taper or plain fits and keys, care must be exercised not to use the hammer too freely, for fear of either fracturing the gear or springing it out of line. A so-called pulley-puller or special jack may be improvised without difficulty under almost any circumstances, and by its use the part may be removed straight without imposing any undue strain upon it.

FIND LEAKS OF CARBURETER

Excellent Plan to Immerse Part in Hot Water—Gasoline Will Escape Through Holes.

An excellent way to locate suspected leaks in the carbureter float is to immerse the part in hot water. In this way any gasoline in the interior will be vaporized and will force its way out of the hole, which may be located by watching for the bubbles to rise. The float should, of course, be removed from the water the instant the bubbles cease arising.

He Hadn't Realized.

The custodian of an Indianapolis building recently hired a colored man, George, to work about the building. George had always worked as a "house man" and came well recommended. The first day of his employment, however, George was out for lunch the greater part of three hours.

The custodian was naturally annoyed. "Where in thunder have you been?" he inquired the minute he set eyes on the erring George. "Me? Why, I'se been home takin' a nap," George answered, in a surprised tone. "I always takes a nap in the middle of the day."

"Well, believe me," the custodian declared, "you don't do that any more. You're needed around here."

Was George aggrieved? Not a bit of it. A most appreciative grin spread over his face.

"Well, now," he said slowly, "you'll have to excuse me this time, boss. It's just that I didn't realize before how important I is around here."

Avoid Grouch and Live Long.

Writing for the Minneapolis Journal, A. J. R. notes the demise of a Seattle citizen one hundred and three years old, and suggests that one of the reasons why he lived so long was that he never grouched at the breakfast table or elsewhere. Discussing this, A. J. R. writes

"The enjoyment of breakfast and of the sunrise always comes so easily to me that I sometimes wail in charity for persons who, I have been led to believe, start the generous day wrong by raising hades at the breakfast table. I will freely wager 75 cents that the Seattle centenarian who lived to be one hundred and three never insurged at breakfast, never complained of the food, nor sneered at his wife's cooking."

The aged Seattler ascribed his longevity to his own temper; he had not been angry since he was twenty, and had driven a yoke of oxen most of his life. Also, loved everybody, and everybody loved him.

Thousands of men have chewed Real Gravely Chewing Plug for twenty-five years and more. And every time they have tried some other brand it made them think more of Gravely than ever.

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Profits and Prices

Profits may be considered from two angles:

1st—Their effect on prices;
2nd—As a return to investors.

When profits are small as compared with sales, they have little effect on prices.

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Swift & Company, U. S. A.

Local Branch, 8th St., & N. P. Ry. Tracks, Brainerd, Minn.